OLD ENGLAND.

By ARGUS CENTOCULI, *Inſpector-General of* Great-Britain.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1748. [N°. 240.]

To the AUTHOR, *&c.*

SIR,

Mobilis et varia eſt fermè natura malorum. Juv.

THE *Miniſterialiſts*, finding the juſt Complaints and Murmurs of the People growing louder and louder againſt she late *Chriſtian* Peace of *Aix*, think it high Time to beſtir themſelves in Defence of that moſt conſummate Work, and the equally conſummate Projectors of it. Laſt Week laboured with a mighty Birth, and produced no leſs than a mighty —— Mouſe! under the diſtinguiſhing Title of — *Conſiderations on the Definitive Treaty*, &c. It ſeems to have been hammer'd out in the ſame Forge, and I doubt by the ſame Hand as manufactur'd up a late notable Piece of miniſterial *Puff*, call'd, *The Intereſts of the Empreſs-Queen*, &c. *betray'd in the Preliminary Articles*, &c. with this Variation of Countenance, that the firſt-mentioned Pamphlet is an open and avowed Attempt in Defence of the M***y, and the laſt a covert one in a *French* Diſguiſe, thro' which every Man of Senſe, with but a little Inſight in our public Affairs, might at firſt View perceive the *Aſs* thro' the *Lion*'s Skin.

He became his aſſumed Habit and Character ſo very ill, that he ſtumbled at the Threſhold; for in the very Title-Page he diſcovers his ſlouching Ears in the Word *betrayed*: For who but a *Miniſterialiſt*, ſecure againſt Proſecution, would have ventured to aſſert that the Intereſts of the *Empreſs-Queen*, our Ally, were *betray'd* in the Preliminaries. But this half-diſguiſed Writer has been already ſo well detected in a Pamphlet, entitled, *Miniſterial Artifice detected*, &c. that farther Obſervations on him would be needleſs: 'Tis hoped however the *Detector* will keep Terms with the Town, as to the ſecond Part which he has given us ſome Expectation of.

To follow our *Conſiderator* minutely, would run me beyond the Extent of your Paper; nor, indeed, does his Matter merit a ſerious canvaſſing; as it appears to be but very indifferently handled, and conſiſts moſtly of general Aſſertions without any Proofs, Reaſon, or Argument. I ſhall therefore, at preſent, touch only on ſome very odd Particulars, which he has thought fit to advance upon his own ſingle Authority.

He mounts the Stage with a Flouriſh of his Pen upon the Liberty of the Preſs. So have I ſeen a Hero of the noble Art and *Science of Defence*, brandiſhing his ſhining Blade at *Marybon* or at *Hockley*, to prepoſſeſs the *Circus* in Favour of his ſupple Wriſt! But at the ſame Time as our Author hails the Bleſſing of the Preſs, he can't forbear betraying his ſecret Prepoſſeſſions of it in Favour of what he calls the Government, but properly means the miniſterial Side.

He makes a Wonder, *that in a Country where true Liberty is found, and where every Man may ſpeak full as freely as he thinks*, SO MANY *ſhould incline to an implicit Belief, that the Government is always in the Wrong*. This is a very extraordinary Aſſertion, full of plauſible Nonſenſe, not founded on Facts, nor warranted by Argument, like the unmeaning Prate of a loquacious Woman, an Incumbrance of Words! 'Tis true, a Conſtitution may be founded on *true Liberty*, but is it preſerved to the People? Are they *equally* repreſented in ***nt? Is there no *Corruption* among —? A People can never be ſaid to be free, where the *Chief Magiſtrate* is not ſo! where a *Faction* not only ſurrounds, but uſurps the Power of the Th*! where the Government is adminiſtered by *Parties*! Prerogative injured, and Privilege oppreſſed! This would be a State of downright *Oligarchy!* where conſequently no *true Liberty* can be found. Such Governments may poſſibly be abroad, but happy are we that it is not ſo with us!

My Author muſt excuſe me, if I take the Liberty to combat his new-fangled Poſition, That *every Man can ſpeak full as freely as he thinks*. I abſolutely deny it is ſo, even in this free Country; for we have recent Inſtances to the contrary, where Puniſhments, Fines, and Impriſonments, have attended the Event of *ſuch free Speaking!* and, no doubt, with great Juſtice too. I know not how our Author can get over this, ſo as to maintain his very wild and fooliſhly extravagant Aſſertion, unleſs he aſſerts ſtill further and ſays, the Delinquents were puniſhed for ſpeaking what they did not think; that the Mind had not actuated the Tongue, which is often an unruly Member in forward Boys, grown daringly wanton over a Bottle of *Port*, in the Nature of *Horace*'s,

—— *Dicimus Uvidi,*
Cum Sol occano ſubeſt.

I muſt deny likewiſe, That SO MANY *incline to an implicit Belief that the Government is always in the Wrong*; for it is hardly credible, that this Gentleman's SO MANY could believe ſo without *good Proof*; or, at leaſt, what in their Way of Reaſoning, amounts to a Conviction. Who believes implicitly, believes without Foundation or clear Proof. One might go a great Way towards vindicating the *ſo many*, and juſtifying my Denial by certain incontrovertible Examples, were it not that I have already ſhewn, that *every Man* CAN'T (that is, *dares not*) *ſpeak full as freely as he thinks*, in theſe Days of **mations and **cutions, when Violence predominates in the Councils of the *Coalition*, to juſtify the Sincerity of *occaſional Converts* who rage and foam againſt ingenuous *Advice*, and impoſe a diſagreeable Taſk upon a generous Mind, ever famed for Lenity and good Nature, ſo far as may be conſiſtent with the Safety of his Prince, the Liberties of his Country and the Dignity of his Office.——I ſpeak of the *Coalition* in *Sweden*.

Our Author ſays, *there is nothing eaſier than to defend a good Cauſe*. In this I concur with him, and make no doubt that he and all his Readers will admit, *e contrario*, that there is nothing more difficult *than to defend a bad one*. Himſelf is an undeniable Inſtance of this! I could therefore have wiſhed him a more eaſy Undertaking, for he apparently ſuccumbs under the arduous Taſk he is engaged in; too ponderous for his *Atlean* Shoulders! an *Augean* Stable, which the Labours of *Herculean* Hands alone can cleanſe! for he undertakes to ſhew, *that the Peace was well timed, neither too ſoon or too late, conducted with great Dignity and Prudence, negociated with all poſſible Marks of Candour and Ability, and concluded upon Terms as advantageous and as ſalutary as thoſe who were moſt ſanguine in their Expectations could expect*.

To ſucceed in theſe bold Aſſumptions he muſt ſhew it was *timed* before the Enemy had beaten us, and made any conſiderable Conqueſts. That it was not *too ſoon* he muſt ſhew, that we were driven into the laſt Dyke, and in no Condition to make Head againſt the Enemy. That it was not *too late* he muſt prove, that we had not refuſed better Terms the Year before. That it was negociated with all poſſible *Candour* and *Ability*, can be only warranted by a candid Communication of the *Preliminaries* having been made to both Houſe of P***t if ſitting; and that the Negociator was not impoſed on by his Principals at home, or over-match'd by the adverſe Plenipotentiaries at the *Congreſs*. That it was as advantageous and ſalutary as the moſt *ſanguine could expect*, he muſt demonſtrate that the Injuries of the Allies have been amply repaired, and all their Towns and Territories reſtored in good Condition; that the Acquiſitions which our Arms made upon the Enemy during the War, have been confirmed and ratified to us by this wond'rous beneficial Treaty, which he would fain *diſpoſe all candid Readers to have a good Opinion of*.

That it was *well-tim'd* and not *too ſoon* or *too late*, *conducted with Dignity and Prudence*, *negociated with Candour and Ability*, *and concluded advantageouſly*, on the Side and for the Benefit of the Enemy, I will readily grant: But that the contrary appears on our Side is evident to Demonſtration, in every ſingle Particular. The *Timing* of the Peace was premature, for we had beaten the Enemy twice at Sea; ſent out two different Fleets to the two different Ends of the World, the one to make new Conquehs in the *Weſt*, and the other to avenge our Wrongs and repair our Loſſes in the *Eaſt*; while our Hands were ſtrengthened by potent Auxiliaries by Land, juſt arrived with all the Hardineſs of the *North* in their Compoſition, and the Experience and Valour of Veterans in their Minds and their Hearts. 'Twas juſt when we had taken proper Meaſures for Succeſs, which, in all human Probability, muſt have ended in the inevitable Ruin of every Branch of the haughty and ever reſtleſs Houſe of *Bourbon*. I ſay, 'twas then that we moſt wiſely *timed* the Peace!

Let every honeſt *Briton*, who laments the Loſs of our national Glory, and weeps over the blaſted *Laurel* and the fading Verdure of the *Olive*, lay his Hand upon his Heart, and pronounce whether our Writer's Peace was *well-timed* or not. The Oppoſites of *too ſoon* and *too late* are viſibly reconciled in it! Nor *Dignity*, nor *Prudence*, nor Marks of *Candour* or *Ability* can be found in it! nor yet ſuch *advantageous Terms* as could be expected; for are not our Allies deſpoiled and weakened, our Enemy's Power enlarged and ſtrengthened, ourſelves merged in an Ocean of Debts, and the only Acquiſition of our Arms given up without any Conſideration whatever, tamely ſurrendered and given up! and fallen into *Cæſar*'s Hands? This is the *Dignity*, this the *Prudence*, the *Ability*, the *Candour*, and the *advantageous Terms* of the *Conſiderator*'s celebrated Peace!

Of all the Pamphlets that I have ever read, I never knew one of ſuch great *Undertaking* and ſo little Performance as this of our *Conſiderator*. It is ſo very ill ſupported, I once thought the Writer was ſome private Enemy of the *Coalition*, who had ſet up a mock Defence, in order to expoſe them the more, 'till, in my Courſe of travelling thro' him, I diſcovered ſuch indiſputable Ear-Marks of my Author, that I could not poſſibly miſtake him; and therefore ſhall make no Scruple to pronounce that he comes properly within the Deſcription of my Motto, and, having follow'd

the Fortune of the *Coalizers*, writes now *under Direction* and Pay; conſequently, he is the *miniſterial Tool* which, in Page 5, he diſclaims. Would he urge me to a Proof, he may have it upon Call? I therefore appeal to the Town, which he has formerly amus'd on the *other Side of the Queſtion*, whether any Credit can be given to the bare Aſſertions of ſuch an unſtable Writer, who ſtands ſelf-condemned and denies himſelf.

To damp the Ardour of a well-concerted and happily-begun War! To debaſe the glorious Day of Victory in the Hands of others, and exalt the horrid Carnage of Defeat in their own! To ſteal an inglorious P* upon the Nation, and mock us with Panegyrics upon the Cauſe of our Mourning, our Mourning for ſo many Millions of Money thrown laviſhly away! ſo many of our Lives wantonly expoſed and loſt! our Intereſts, Commerce, and our Glory ſacrificed, to —— inſure the precarious Preferments and Poſts of ———. I ſay, be theſe the boaſted Virtues of the *Coalition* and their Writers.

Hence let the ſtricken Deer go weep!

SIR,

Your humble Servant,

PHILO-PATRIA.

LONDON.

We hear that his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales will be made Vice Chancellor of the Univerſity of Cambridge, in the room of his Grace the Duke of Somerſet, deceaſed.

The Right Hon. the Houſe of Peers have adjourned to Tueſday next.

The Apartments of his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland in St. James's Palace, are fitting up with all Expedition for his Reception, he being expected there on Wedneſday next.

We are credibly informed, that his Majeſty has been pleaſed to give Orders for the more ſpeedy and effectual Proviſion of the Petitioners for Chelſea College In and Out-Penſioners.

Yeſterday ſe'nnight the Ball at St. James's was very brillant; their Royal Higneſſes the Prince and Princeſs of Wales opened it, and afterwards Prince George and Princeſs Auguſta danced. An Accident happened at the Ball, which put two Ladies into great Confuſion; one of them going to take her Seat by the other, in taking up the Side of her Hoop happened by Accident to fling it over her Head, which caught hold of a Sprig of Diamonds, and could not be diſengaged for ſome Time, which however ended with no other bad Conſequences than much diſordering the Lady's Head, and occaſioning ſome Mirth to the noble Audience.

We are informed from very good Hands, that a Scheme is preparing to be laid before the Parliament this Seſſion, for building Forts along the Scotch Coaſts, in order to prevent, as much as poſſible, the Powers who wiſh ill to theſe Nations from putting any Deſigns into Execution, by nurſing and cheriſhing the Spirit of Rebellion in thoſe Parts, for diſpoſing of the forfeited Lands in ſuch a Manner, as will turn to the beſt advantage, by diſtributing them among Proteſtant old Soldiers, who are loyally affected; and for regulating the Charity Schools of theſe Nations. Theſe are a few of the many Heads this Scheme contains.

We hear the Number of Seamen for the Year 1749 will be 17000.

We hear Intereſt is making for a Pardon for the Lords Elcho and Pitſligo.

Laſt Monday three Cauſes came on at the King's Bench Weſtminſter, when three Perſons were convicted for ſelling Coals ſhort Meaſure, and fined in the Penalty of 100l. each.

Friday Morning died, at his Seat at Petworth, in the County of Suſſex, in the 87th Year of his Age, (being born Auguſt 13, 1662) his Grace Charles Seymour, Duke of Somerſet, Earl of Hertford, Viſcount Beauchamp, Baron of Hache, &c. His Grace on the 30th of May, 1682, took to Wife the Lady Elizabeth Piercy, ſole Daughter and Heir of Joſceline Piercy, the laſt E. of Northumberland, who had been before married to Henry Earl of Ogle, only Son and Heir to Henry Duke of Newcaſtle, who died before he was of Age to cohabit with her; and afterwards to Thomas Thynne, Eſq; by which Lady (who died on the 23d of November 1722) his Grace had Iſſue that ſurvived to Maturity, three Sons and four Daughters, viz.

Algernon, Earl of Hertford, born Nov. 11, 1684.

Lord Piercy Seymour born June 3, 1686, Member of Parliament for Cockermouth in Cumberland, who died of the Small Pox July 4, 1721, unmarried.

Lord Charles Seymour, born Anno 1698, died Jan. 4, 1711, unmarried.

Lady Elizabeth, married to the Right Hon. Henry Obrian, Earl of Thomond, of the Kingdom of Ireland, and Viſcount Tadcaſter in England who died without Iſſue.

Lady Catherine, married July 21, 1708, to Sir William Windham, of Orchard-Windham in the County of Somerſet, Bart. and died in April 1713.

Lady Anne married to Peregrine, Marquis of Caermarthen, Son and Heir of Peregrine Oſborn, Duke of Leeds. And,

Lady Frances, who died unmarried May 10, 1720.

His Grace on the 4th of February 1725-6, married the Lady Charlotte Finch, ſecond Daughter to Daniel Earl of Winchelſea and Nottingham, by her has two Daughters, the Lady Frances, born July 8, 1728; and the Lady Charlotte, born the 21ſt of September 1730.

His Grace is ſucceeded in Honour and Eſtate by his only ſurviving Son Algernon Seymour, Earl of Hertford, now Duke of Somerſet.

By his Grace's Death a large Eſtate devolves to Sir Charles Wyndham, Bart.

And we hear his Grace has left 100,000l. to Lady Frances and Lady Charlotte each, Daughters by his Dowager Dutcheſs, who will ſoon be introduced at Court.

We hear that his Grace the Duke of Somerſet will have his Father's vacant blue Garter.

On Sunday Morning about one o'Clock died, the Hon. John Stanhope Eſq; youngeſt Brother of the Right Hon. the Earl of Cheſterfield, Member of Parliament for Derby, and one of the Lords of the Admiralty. He has left his Fortune which was very conſiderable, to the Earl of Cheſterfield; likewiſe a great Eſtate falls to the Hon. Sir William Stanhope, Knight of the Bath. And,

We hear that Sir Peter Warren will be appointed a Lord of the Admiralty, in his room.

It is confidently aſſerted that Sir Peter Warren will ſoon be created a Peer of Great Britain.

Laſt Monday Night the Corpſe of the Rev. Dr. Iſaac Watts was interred at Bunhill-Fields Burial-Ground; the Oration at the Grave was ſpoken by the Rev. Mr. Chandler; his Pall ſupported by Dr. Guyſe, Dr. Groſvener, Mr. Burroughs, Mr. Jennings, Mr. Lardner, and Mr. Stennet, all diſſenting Miniſters.

Thurſday was married Mr. William Fernell, of Rotherhith, a Gentleman of large Fortune, to Miſs Nancy Burgoyne, of the ſame Place, one of the Co-heireſſes of Humphrey Burgoyne, Eſq; deceaſed; a young Lady of diſtinguiſhed Qualifications to make that State happy, with a Fortune of 12000l.

By Letters from Wigan in Lincolnſhire we are inform'd, that two Perſons concerned in the late Diſturbances of that Town, are taken into Cuſtody.

Laſt Week a Man who was made a Lieutenant in the firſt Regiment of Foot Guards by his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, who afterwards deſerted, with ſeveral Men, to the French in Flanders, was taken in a Sailor's Habit on London Bridge, and committed to the Savoy, and is ſoon to be tried for Deſertion by a Court-Martial.

Wedneſday the Seſſions began at the Old Baily, when Twenty-ſix Priſoners were tried; Sixteen of whom were caſt for Tranſportation, and Ten acquitted.

Thurſday, nineteen Priſoners were tried, one of whom was capitally convicted, viz. John Timly, a Highwayman.

The end of the Seſſions, if material, will be noticed in our next.

Sunday Night laſt about nine o'Clock, as a Gentleman was walking along Fleetſtreet, he was attacked near the End of Red-lion-Court, by a young Street-Robber, who ſnatch'd off his Hat, and gave it to one of his Accomplices, who made off with it; but the Perſon who was robbed, ſeized the Villain in the Fact, and was that Night committed to Bridewell, and Monday being carried before the Sitting-Alderman at Guildhall, was committed to Woodſtreet Compter. He confeſſed the Fact for which he was taken, and ſeveral others which had been committed by him at Times in Company with three different Gangs of Villains, whoſe Number conſiſts of upwards of forty, and their walks are between Ludgate-ſtreet and Temple-Bar, againſt whom he has made himſelf an Evidence, and after whom all diligent Seach is making, in order to bring them to Juſtice.

On Saturday laſt one of the Gang of Highwaymen, which have lately infeſted Hounſlow Heath, was taken on that Place, and on Sunday he was brought to London, and committed to Newgate; and great Search is making after the reſt of the Gang, which conſiſts of ſeveral.

Laſt Wedneſday, as Mr. Boſtock of Mancheſter, was coming from thence, about a Mile on this Side Buxton, he was attacked by two Highwaymen with Crapes over their Faces; one of them preſented a Piſtol to him, calling him by his Name, demanded his Money while the other held his Hat to receive it; but on his refuſing to deliver it ſhot him in the Shoulder, which made him fall from his Horſe; on which they rifled him and rode off with his Bags, in which were upwards of ſeventy Pounds. Mr. Boſtock, after lying in a miſerable condition upwards of two Hours, was carried in a Cart to Buxton to be taken Care of.

Wedneſday ſome Coaſt Waiters, aſſiſted by ſome Soldiers attending the New Jail Southwark, ſeized a Cart in the Borough, in which was three Pipes of French Wine, which they conveyed to the Cuſtom Houſe. By the Seizure the Horſes are forfeited.

DAMON's CASE.

POOR Damon retir'd moſt ſorely affected,
By Bowels tormented with Cholic;
When Clara's *Soft* Looks the *Acid* corrected,
And turn'd all the *Ailment* to *Frolic*.

So pleaſant the Med'cine, ſo ſharp was the Pain,
And bad might have been his Miſcarriage;
That the Fair of Ingratitude might not complain,
He repaid, as ſhe wiſh'd for, by Marriage.

But mark how fallacious all Comforts below,
Where Certainty's hop'd for in vain:
The quack'd-up Relief but redoubled his Woe,
And brought on a new Chronical Pain.

Chang'd thoſe Anodyne Looks, and alter'd in Pow'r,
By Pride and Ill-nature fermented; ———
How hard is his Caſe now his *Med'cines* grown *four*,
With *Wife* and with *Cholic* tormented?

We hear that Col. Conway will be appointed Lieutenant Colonel of the Firſt Regiment of Foot Guard, in the room of General Folliot, deceas'd.

There will ſhortly be a reduction of the three Regiments of Foot Guards, of Nine Men in each Company.

By Letters received from New-York, we are informed that the Proprietors of the Copper Mines there have engaged ſeveral Artiſts to be employed in the Working thereof. And

That ſeveral Proprietors of Ground adjoining to Boſton have agreed to ſow Hemp on a great Part of their Land: This will be very advantageous to the American Colonies in particular, as alſo to Great Britain, as it will greatly increaſe the Trade to New-England, and circulate large Sums of Money among ourſelves, which at preſent we ſpend up the Eaſtern Sea.

By the Dutch Ships arrived from Eaſt India we have an Account, that the Prince of Wales, Capt. John Pelly, Junior, failed from Batavia the Beginning of April for China; and that the Oxford Capt. Thomas Stephens, was arrived at Batavia from Fort St. David's, to take in Arrack for the Uſe of the Men of War under Commodore Griffin.

Extract of a Letter from Gibralter, dated Nov. 8.

"The Tetuaners have fitted out a half Gally that mounts 4 Carriage and ten Swivel Guns, and carries 50 Men; ſhe has been at Sea about ten Days: I am afraid ſhe will take a great many Veſſels, if not ſoon deſtroyed; there are two Malteze Men of War cruizing to the Eaſtward, which I hope will fall in with her."

Laſt Wedneſday Night, as a Sailor who had juſt receiv'd his Wagers and Prize Money, was going to his Lodgings in St. Katherine's, he was met on Tower Hill by a Girl, who picked him up, and went with him to a Houſe of ill Repute where he lay all Night; but when he got up the next Morning, miſſed all his Treaſure, which had been carried off by the Girl in the Night, to the Value of 18l. and upwards.

The Paſſage over St. Georges's Fields is of late become ſo dangerous in the Evening, particularly near the Halfway-Houſe that ſcarce a Night paſſes without Robberies being committed, and the Perſons ill uſed by a Gang of Fellows who harbour in the Mint.

We hear the Highwayman who robbed the Weſt Mail, was ſo cautious, that he took the Letters out and put them into a Sack, leaving the Mail and Bags for Fear of a Diſcovery, then gave the Boy Half a Crown, and made off.

Tueſday the Body of a Woman about fifty Years of Age, was found floating at the Iſle of Dogs. She had been the Wife of an eminent Tradeſman in Wapping but reduced by Misfortunes.

There is Advice from Paris, that by order of the King, the young Pretender was arreſted juſt as he was going out of his Coach to the Opera, and carrried under a ſtrong Guard of Soldiers to Chateau Vincienne, which ſtands a ſmall Diſtance from that City, and a ſtrong Guard put over him, for diſobeying the King's Orders, in not retiring from his Kingdom, agreeable to the Treaty of Peace which that Monarch had ſtipulated with his Britannick Majeſty, &c. and all the Pretender's particular Partizans were committed to the Baſtile, as they were ſuſpected of being his Adviſers. When he was ſeized there were found upon him two Pocket Piſtols loaded with Ball, and a Poignard. He is removed to Marſeilles, where two Gallies are ready for his Reception, in order to tranſport him to Civita Vecchia. This laſt Affair was tranſacted without the leaſt Noiſe or Interruption; ſeveral Companies of the French Guards, 'tis true, were ordered, by way of Precaution, to have their Bayonets fixed to the Muzzle of their Pieces, upon his firſt Appearance.

Some private Letters from Paris inform us, that all Interceſſion to the King having failed, the Sieur Marot, Secretary at the Chatelet, who is very ill under his Confinement, had undergone his Sentence in its full Extent; that is to ſay, had made the Amande Honourable in his Shirt, with a Rope about his Neck, and a Paper on his Forehead ſignifying his Offence, viz. Having been guilty of falſifying Evidence, and of embezzling Effects left in his Charge, he

was then marked on the Shoulder with a red hot Iron, and ſo conducted back to Priſon, from whence he is to be ſent to the Gallies for ſeven Years.

Several Letters from Italy ſay, that the Congreſs of Nice will, in Point of Magnificence, fall very little ſhort of that of Aix la Chapelle; and that vaſt Preparations are making for the Entertainment of the Illuſtrious Perſons that are to compoſe it, which are, on the Part of the Empreſs Queen, Field Marſhall Count Brown; on the Behalf of his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, the Marſhal Duke de Belliſle; for the Catholick King, the Captain General Marquis de las Minas; in the Name of his Sardinia Majeſty, General Baron Leutrum; for the State of Genoa, Signor Conſtantino Pinallo and Signor Geronimo Curlo; for his Serene Highneſs the Duke of Modena, Mr. Serbelloni.

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, Dec. 1. We are informed from Aberdeen, that on the 22d of laſt Month died at Philorth the Hon. Mr. William Fraſer, Advocate, Brother-german to the Lord Salton, a young Gentleman univerſally regretted by all who knew him.

Tueſday Afternoon David Drummond, a Chealſea out Penſioner, formerly a Marine, was appointed *Ultimate Executioner of the Law* for this City, in the room of John Dalgleiſh, deceaſed, and Yeſterday he entered into Pay.

BANKRUPTS.

John Bartholomew, of the Pariſh of St. James's Weſtminſter, in the County of Middleſex, Innholder, Victualler, and Chapman.

William Chambers, of the Pariſh of St. Clement Danes, in the County of Middleſex, Pawnbroker, and Chapman.

James Oakſley, late of Birmingham, in the County of Warwick, Grocer and Chapman.

James Marſhall and Robert Morris, late of Friday-ſtreet, London Haberdaſhers and Partners.

John Howes, now or late of Colcheſter, in the County of Eſſex, Innholder and Victualler.

This Day is publiſh'd,
(Price One Shilling)
Number IV. (Vol. II.) *of*

AN APOLOGY for the Conduct of Mrs. TERESIA CONSTANTIA PHILLIPS.

To be had at her Houſe in Craig's Court, Charing Croſs.

Where may be had,

The Firſt Volume complete, neatly bound, or in blue Covers, with or without the Mezzotinto Print.

*** Single Numbers to compleat Sets may be alſo had; and the Trade ſupplied as uſual.

Note, Each Number is ſigned with her own Hand.

Lately publiſhed,
The Second Edition, *with large Additions,*

THE Civil Law in its Natural Order; together with the Publick Law.
By WILLIAM STRAHAN, *L. L. D.*

With additional Remarks on ſome material Differences between the Civil Law and the Law of England.

Some of the Contents are,

Of the Government and general Policy of a State.——Of the Power, Rights, and Duties of the Sovereign.——Of his Council and their Duty.——Of his Revenue, and their Duty who are employ'd about it.——Of the Means to procure Plenty of all Things in a State.——Of the Policy relating to the Uſe of the Seas and Sea-Ports, &c.——Of the Officers and others employed in publick Functions.——Of Crimes and Offences, viz. of Embezzlement of the Publick Money; of Extortions, &c. committed by Officers.——Of fraudulent Bankruptcies, &c.——Of the Order of judicial Proceedings.——Of the Inſtitution of Criminal Proſecutions, &c.

The Preſent State of the Court of Rome, or, The Lives of the late Pope Clement XI. and of the College of Cardinals. Written originally in Italian, and newly tranſlated into Engliſh from the Italian Manuſcript, never as yet made Publick; with a Preface by the Publiſher, containing Remarks on the Nature of the College of Cardinals; and a ſhort Account of the Pope's Elevation to the Papacy, and the moſt remarkable Occurrences in his Pontificate.

The Maxims of Government, in an Advice to a Republick: Shewing how it ought to govern itſelf, in order to perpetuate its Dominion. In which are alſo conſider'd the ſeveral Intereſts of all the Princes of Europe, with reſpect to the Affairs of Italy. By Father Paul, Counſellor of State.

The Art of Negociating with Sovereign Princes; of the Uſefulneſs of Negociations; of the Choice of Ambaſſadors; of the Qualifications for ſucceeding in that Employment. By Monſ. Calliere, Counſellor and Secretary to Lewis XIV. and Plenipotentiary at Ryſwick.

A Diſcourſe of voluntary Servitude, wrote in French by Stephen de la Boetia, one of the King's Counſellors in the Court of the Parliament at Bourdeaux.

A Treatiſe concerning the Revolutions in Kingdoms; containing Twelve Chapters, viz.

Chap. I. All States are Subject to Revolutions, particularly Monarchy.
II. Why Subjects attempt Revolutions in Monarchy.
III. Concerning other Cauſes of Revolutions in Kingdoms.
IV. Of Hatred in Subjects, and how a Prince may render himſelf odious.
V. Of Contempt, and what renders a Prince contemptible.
VI. Concerning the different Species of Change that Kingdoms are ſubject to; and why one Sort of Change takes Place ſooner than another, &c.——Printed by Authority at Turin.

Printed for G. Strahan, at the Golden Ball near the Royal Exchange, Cornhill.

GLEETS and SEMINAL WEAKNESSES,

SO deſtructive to the Conſtitution, and ruinous not only to the unhappy Individual labouring under them, by draining away the Radical Moiſture or very Eſſence of Life, and inducing Conſumptions, Nervous Diſorders, &c. but to Poſterity alſo, inaſmuch as thoſe afflicted with ſuch Gleetings, if not wholy diſabled, as very many are, from propagating their Species, are yet render'd incapable of begetting any other than puny, miſerable, and ſhort-liv'd Iſſue.

Theſe waſting Gleetings, occaſion'd by Self-pollution, exceſſive Venery, ſevere Purging for Venereal Injuries, or by violent Strains, &c. and which have been deem'd by almoſt all Phyſicians and Surgeons to be ſo very difficult to overcome, are now ſo certainly known to be directly, and in a manner at once perfectly cur'd by the Grand Reſtrictive Balſamick Electuary, that no one, how bad ſoever, need deſpair of being entirely ſet to Rights by it in a few Days.

It is from this its moſt extraordinary Efficacy, that ſo many Practitioners in Town and Country now ſend for it for their Patients, as finding it to be the only ſure and infallible Remedy that can be ſafely rely'd upon in thoſe Caſes. The Price of this Grand Medicine is 6s. a Pot, ſeal'd up, with a Book of Inſtructions, highly neceſſary to be read by all Perſons whoever were afflicted with any Diſorder of the Seminal Veſſels or neighbouring Parts.

Note, Mr. Radford is removed from againſt St. Clement's Church Yard, to Mr. Eglinton's at the Golden Spectacle, againſt the Eaſt-End of the New Church in the Strand, London; where now this fam'd Balſamic Electuary is only to be had. Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balſamic Electuary. No Letters anſwer'd unleſs Poſt paid.

For the Venereal Disease.

THE ſhorteſt, ſafe, and regular Cure, this Day in the World; from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt inveterate Degree of it, by a Medicine as pleaſant to take, and as eaſy in its Operation as it is effectual in its Cure; ſo that the unfortunate Patient gets ſuddenly and ſurprizingly well, without Diſtaſte to his Palate, the leaſt Diſorder of Body, or any Confinement whatever. This is that great Remedy, now ſo well known and long experienced to be truly infallible, and is the Grand ANTI-SYPHILICON that Radcliffe and Garth uſed to ſay would totally extirpate the Venereal Diſeaſe from the Face of the Earth, were it but univerſally known, and properly taken. Freſh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their cruel attendant Symptoms, it preſently cures; and if taken in Time, even prevents their taking Place. It is a ſafe, gentle, and pleaſant Family Purge, even for Children as well as grown Perſons, in all Caſes where Purging is neceſſary; nor can the deepeſt Scurvy, Rheumatiſm, Gout, Itch, or Leproſy, ſtand before it, but are pleaſantly cured and thoroughly extirpated by it, as well as the higheſt and moſt inveterate State of the confirmed Venereal Diſeaſe; which, with all its moſt raging Symptoms, it ſoon eradicates, reſtoring Health, Strength, and Vigor to the Body. Thoſe who once take it, will never have Recourſe to any Thing elſe. One Pot in moſt Caſes is ſufficient for a Cure.

Price 6s. a Pot, ſealed up with a Book of Inſtructions, by which all Perſons may fully underſtand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the Venereal Poiſon is rooted out of their Bodies. Note, Mr. Radford is removed from againſt St. Clement's Church Yard, to Mr. Eglinton's at the Golden Spectacle, againſt the Eaſt-End of the New Church in the Strand, London, where now this Grand Anti Syphilicon is only to be had. Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters anſwered unleſs Poſt-paid.

This Day is publiſh'd,

The Sixteenth Edition *of*

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution and all its frightful Conſequences (in both Sexes) conſidered, with Spiritual and Phyſical Advice to thoſe who have allready injured themſelves by this abominable Practice.

As alſo the Sixth Edition of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Reviſed and Enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the ſeveral Paſſages in the former Impreſſions, that have been charged with being obſcure and ambiguous, are in theſe cleared up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

Theſe Editions contain ſome further and ſurprizing Inſtances of the Miſchiefs by that filthy, ſinful Commerce with one's ſelf, which is ſo notoriouſly practiſed, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inſerted, ſhew.

And, amongſt others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Anſwer to it, concerning the Uſe and Abuſe of the Marriage-Bed; together with divers Caſuiſtical and other Letters from both Sexes, of ſome ſecret unnatural Effeminacies, neceſſary to be known both by the married and ſingle of each Sex.

To which is added,

A Curious PIECE tranſlated out of the Latin, from L. S. SCHMEDIER, as it is inſerted in the Acta Lipſienſia; concerning the Return of the Seed into the Maſs of Blood; well worth the Peruſal of Phyſicians, Surgeons, Anatomiſts, and all others of Art and Curioſity.

As alſo Dr. QUINCY's Tranſlation of Dr. CARR's remarkable Anſwer to a Letter ſent by a Divine, concerning two Nuns in Rome, reported to have changed their Sex.

Likewiſe Dr. DRAKE's and ſeveral other Phyſicians Opinions of Hermaphrodites, and Women brought to a Reſemblance of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Caſe of a young Lady of 18, whoſe well-wrote Letter to the Author, deſcribing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inſerted.

A very grave and learned Divine and Phyſician having peruſed this Diſcourſe, before it went to the Preſs, returned it with his Opinion of it in theſe Words

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People 'of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profeſſion, or Condition 'ſoever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin declaimed againſt in it.

Is now ſold (Mr Isted, Bookſeller, at the Golden Ball, in Fleetſtreet being dead) by Charles Corbett, Bookſeller, at Addiſon's Head, oppoſite St. Dunſtan's Church, Fleetſtreet, and by Henry Cook under the Royal Exchange. Price Bound 3s. 6d.

N. B. The Medicines mentioned in this Book are ſold as above.

The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecillities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Stranguries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near 20000 Bottles have been ſold ſince April 1734, that they were firſt publiſh'd.

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the abovetaid Diſorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicines were preſcrib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obſtinate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſs'd with Electuaries, Boluſſes, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecillities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3s. 6d. each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is of ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tendereſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſon is delighted with it.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now ſold only by his Son in Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops and paying 3s 6d.

The True Cordial Quintessence *of* Vipers, *the moſt Noble and Grand Preparation in the whole* Materia Medica, *for the real, ſubſtantial Cure of* Impotency *in Men, and* Barenneſs *in Women; and is vaſtly preferable to* Viper Wine, *or any other Preparation of* Vipers *whatever, as being replete with the full and whole Virtues of them.*

A Few Drops of it only, gives ſuch a generous Warmth, and ſo exceedingly delights the Vital and Animal Spirits, Senſes, and Nerves, as ſoon to ſhew what it will do, upon a little Continuance of it; for it not only promotes, and prompts to a Deſire, but alſo furniſhes proper Matter, for the Support and Eſtabliſhment of a true laſting Incarnation and Power.

By this Means it anſwers the End as well of Food as Phyſick; nor is there any thing in Nature beſides, that can in that Reſpect come up to it conſidering that it univerſally nouriſhes and reſtores in all the Declenſions of Deſire and Vigour, without the leaſt forcing the Veſſels, or ſtimulating the Parts, as moſt other Medicines for theſe Purpoſes do: And tho' it be a Maxim in Phyſick, that sine Cerere & Bacchо Friget Venus, that is, in itſelf, is ſo ſufficiently nutritious as to want no Aſſiſtance that Way; not but it muſt be allowed, that good Eating and Drinking with it, cannot but in ſome Degree, at leaſt as an Auxiliary contribute to its Efficacy.

Nor does it only furniſh Matter and create Deſire, but alſo true Power (as it braces up and corroborates the Teſtes) and gives an elaſtick Springineſs to the Muſculi Erectores Penis in Men, and corrects, cleanſes, and comforts the Uterus, or Womb in Women, the Lankneſs and Laxity of the former, and the Foulneſs, Coldneſs, or Obſtruction of the latter, being more the Cauſe of Impotency or Infertility, in the one Sex and Indifferency or Sterility in the other than any Thing elſe beſide; and that it is Balſamick, and greatly Reſtorative, is confirmed by long Experience, and we have many Inſtances in Phyſical Writings, of Perſons arriving to a healthful old Age, as well as recover'd from deplorable Decays and Weakneſſes, by a continued Uſe of the common *Preparations* of Vipers, which this Quinteſſence, by being of vaſtly more Efficacy, brings about in a Quarter of the Time, and with the Tenth Part of the Quantity.

Thoſe who but once try it, will ſo pleaſantly experience its nutritive quickening Properties, in exhilerating the Heart, reviving the Spirits, comforting the Vitals, circulating the Juice, and recreating and renovating, as it were the whole Man, that they will never be without it; for it is ſuch a preſent Help, in Time of Need, as that on the taking then but a Doſe or two more of it than ordinary, it will ſo inſtantaneouſly animate the dull inactive Spirits, and rouze up and actuate the ſluggiſh enfeebled Faculties, in both Sexes, as to excite and capacitate where it could hardly be expected, and at the ſame Time ſeldom fails to render that conjugal Intercourſe Prolifick. Price Half a Guinea the Bottle.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Bottles, being lately dead, it is now Sold only by his Son-in-Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars in Vere Street, Clare-Market, ſealed up, with Directions (for any Meſſenger) upon asking for only a Bottle of Quinteſſence.

To all Gentlemen, Builders, and Others

THOMAS ETTERIDGE, COLOURMAN,

(Son in Law to the late Mr JOSEPH EMERTON, *who in his Life time chiefly managed his Business)*

At the BELL *and* SUN, *over-against Norfolk-Street, between St Clement's and the New Church in the Strand, London.*

CONTINUES to Sell, in the same Manner his late Father did, all Sorts of COLOURS, ready prepared (at the lowest Prices) that any Gentlemen, Builders, &c may set their Servants or Labourers to Paint their Houses, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

He likewise sells to the Ladies all sorts of WATER COLOURS and VARNISH with every thing necessary for the New Japanning, and gives a printed Direction, for the doing of it to the greatest Perfection; to those that buy Colours. Also Italian Powder for cleaning Pictures, and fine Picture Varnish.

He deals only for READY MONEY

His House faces Norfolk Street, and not Arundel Street, in the Strand.

ANTI-SIPHYLICON.

THE only short and most infallible CURE in the Universe for the *Venereal Disease* from the slightest Infection to the most extreme and deplorable Degree of it; even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever so severe, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and to as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a seminal Gleet, or Weakness, to happen on the other.

And the most inveterate Degree of the *French Illness*, attended with nocturnal Pains, universal Breakings-out, and all other the most exseparated Symptoms, are soon overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely cured than by Salivation, Inunction, or any other Method whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to bespeak it the only appolite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this some Thousands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Disorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accomplished, without the Knowledge of the nearest Friend.

Those who suspect they have received an Injury may, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and effectual Manner.

All such, likewise, as doubt they have some remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doses of it, entirely free themselves from all Suspicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulnesses of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Dose than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of it is most noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient, in most Cases, to accomplish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, by the Perusal of which all Persons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Disease* may perfectly understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poison* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies.

Note, Mr. Radford is removed from against St. Clement's Church-yard, to Mr. Eglinton's at the Golden Spectacle, against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London, where now the Grand Anti-Siphylicon is only to be had. *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters answer'd, unless Post-paid.*

The only short and infallible Cure for that reigning Disease the SCURVY, and all Scorbutick Humours, tho' arrived in the highest or most inveterate Degree, or of ever so many Years standing, and that without any sensible Evacuation, or the least Purging, which, by an unaccountable Mistake, is generally advised, altho' always found rather to encrease and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.

By the so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any ill order whatever, do at once strike at the true Cause of the Scurvy, and entirely destroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, to as never to return again, as many Thousands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almost instantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, sweeten all the Fluids, cleanse them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakness of the Limbs, languid Heaviness of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Distempers.

And for strengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, causing a regular and easy Digestion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours, and other Indispositions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them; insomuch that besides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they assuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickness in Virgins, Worms, of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almost all other Chronick Diseases, which are chiefly occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Diseases.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Restorative, strengthen and ennoble the whole Machine, and as soon as taken, make the Patient pleasantly lightsome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS have so universally gain'd among Persons of Eminence, for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diseases, in such an easy and agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to imitate them, some under the same, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be sure to have the Right, which, by the Author's special Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, at 3s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions.

The only True Specifick TINCTURE

for the TOOTH-ACH, and all Disorders and Defects of the TEETH and GUMS whatever, which has given such intire Satisfaction to the Nobility and Gentry for above these Twenty Years past, by its vastly excelling all other Things, either formerly invented or lately contrived for these Purposes;

SINCE one Drop of it gives infallible and instant Ease in the most tormenting Pain, when nothing else will, and not only takes it away in a Moment, but absolutely cures the TOOTH-ACH, to as certainly to prevent its Return.

At only once using, it makes the foulest Teeth most beautifully white, assuredly fastens those that are loose, and infallibly preserves the Teeth from growing rotten, and those a little decayed, from becoming worse: It perfectly cures the Scurvy in the Gums, causing them to grow up to the Teeth again to Admiration, and also occasions a sweet Breath.

It is neither disagreeable to the Smell or Taste, but effectually preserves the Teeth and Gums from all manner of Foulness, Corruption and Putrefaction, keeps them sound, good, and in most beautiful Order, and may be depended upon to answer the Character here given of it, literally, and in every Respect, as Persons innumerable have experienced.

But these inimitable Qualities, and solely inherent Virtues by which it has justly gained such an universal and unparallell'd great Character, have occasion'd, as usual in such Cases, various and frequent Endeavours to mimick it, some under the same Name, and in the very Words of this Advertisement, and others under other Names; be careful, therefore, to have the right, which may be infallibly relied upon, and which is to be had only by the Author's Appointment, of the Gentlewoman at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon-Yard in the Minories, London, at 3s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions

Good Allowance to those who take Quantities for Exportation.

To Persons of either Sex,

Afflicted with any Species of the PALSY, *or other* Nervous Decays.

NEVER were NERVOUS DISEASES, PALSIES, and PARALYTICK DISORDERS so frequent as of late they have been, nor have the usual Remedies been found adequate to those pertinacious Distempers: This occasioned a Physician, who employed his Thoughts much concerning them, to adapt a Medicine, a Sovereign Elixir peculiar to, and effectual for, the Palsy, and all other Nervous Complaints now reigning; which, after he had experienced on vast Numbers of Persons of both Sexes, and always with surprizing Success even so as infallibly to cure by it the Palsy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Disorders, he permitted it to be made publick for a general Good, that so those labouring under these miserable Ailments might know where to meet with a safe and most certain Cure, which it accomplishes in so short a Time, and with such Ease and Pleasure (a few Drops of it being a Dose, highly agreeable to the Palate, and comforting to the Stomach and Bowels) as is almost incredible to relate.

But the taking one Bottle of it only demonstrates its prodigious Efficacy to every one, and the Patients soon finds all Numbness, Deadness, and shaking, or Resolution of the Nerves, as well as all convulsive, cramp-like, or painful Contractions of them, vanish and return no more, and this, though these Diseases have been of many Years standing, and whether occasioned by long Illness, fast Living, hard drinking, or any other Cause; for it performs all that can be wished for in Nervous Cases, creates an Appetite, expells Wind, settles the Digestion, occasions laudable Chyle, attennuates the Blood and Juices, causes a free and regular Circulation of 'em thro' the Capillary Vessels, revives and increases the Spirits, warms, comforts, strengthens, and replenishes the Brain and whole Nervous System, hence the Sinews, Tendons, Ligaments, and all the enfeebled Parts are invigorated, the Limbs restored to their pristine Steadiness and Strength, and the Palsy and all Paralitick Disorders and Nervous Decays suddenly cured by it, to the Admiration of the Patients themselves, and all about them.

This sovereign and incomparable Elixir is permitted to be sold only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

The So-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, so as never to return again, be they ever so severe, or of many Years standing, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately striking at the very Root or true Cause, as well as remedying the Effects, of those perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almost all the Diseases poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Rise from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigestion of Food, whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Disorders in the first Passages, ill Fumes, sour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneasiness in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Consent of Parts affect the Head, and produce sometimes Giddiness, Dimness of Sight, confused Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troublesome Sleep, Frights, groundless Fears, and the deepest Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehensions; at other times, Fits, flashing Heats, Reachings, Faintness, Lowness and Sinking of Spirits and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulsive Disorders, sharp Pains, fix'd of wandering, Pain and Weakness in the Back, and other, almost innumerable and grievous, Symptoms, which miserably afflict vast Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their sharpest Paroxysms, these so much fam'd and most pleasant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the most valuable Specifics in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the highest Degree of Perfection possible) instantly quell, and at the same time annihilate their real Cause, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digestion, occasioning laudable Chyle, and, of course, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves; so that both Cause and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almost on the Spot, as the many Thousands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be sensible they are absolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and lasting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions, at large.

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Physicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses whether occasion'd by too severe purging for Venereal Injuries, virulent Strains, Pollutio sui, or any other Cause whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Consequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain since they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous System, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Labes Dorsalis, or Consumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Consumptions which frequently terminate in Death itself.

All such therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old Stubborn Gleets, Seminal Effusions, Involuntary Emissions, excessive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetis, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe and speedy Cure, which they most assuredly may, by the taking only a small Quantity of a transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary, now published for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail perfectly curing the most Stubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as also all other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels and Urinary Passages, which it almost instantly cures, bringing to rights and restoring all those Parts and Passages to their natural Tone and pristine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.

This transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary is neither disagreeable to take, nor occasions the least Disorder, but is a wonderful Restorative in all Weakness and Decay of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels, to an immense Degree, insomuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Persons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weaknesses of any Sort, or Weakness of the Urinary Vessels, who take it, will in three Days time find it so very effectual, that they will be most agreeably surprized at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a safe, speedy and perfect Cure of such difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be said in Praise of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the abovemention'd Purposes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its absolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish a Cure, worth ten time, as much, and is ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, which whomsoever carefully reads will be complete Master of his own Case, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakness he is afflicted with succeeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the Foul Disease is intirely extirpated or not.

Note, Mr. Radford is removed from against St. Clement's Church-Yard, to Mr. Eglinton's at the Golden Spectacle, against the East-End of the New-Church in the Strand, London, where now this Balsamic Electuary is only to be had. Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balsamick Electuary. No Letters answer'd, unless Post-paid.

DIRECTORY, Given Gratis.

Green Hatch Holborn

IN Which, In the Chapter, Under the Title, Of The Begining of a Venereal Injury,

Any Venereal, or GLEET Patient, will Plainly See their OWN Case Exactly Described, To Know it Perfectly by without Any Farther Advice About it.

And How to Cure themselves Privately, Without Telling their Case to Any One. With The Famous Montpellier Little Easy Boulus, the Bigness of a PEA, to Take.

And Which, Makes the Person Easy At Once, tho' Before, in Great Misery And, Another Little BOLUS, Carries off a Venereal Infection, and Foulness of a GLEET.

The Success of this Peculiar Venereal Specifick Medicine is so Great, that Not One of the Numbers, that Daily Take it Miss of having the Venereal Infection Carried off by it.

This being that Great Specifick Medicine, which, During the Many Years, it has been now Published, has Gained such a Reputation, On Account of it's Two following Properties.

Viz. That TWO Only of these most easy (the Bigness of a PEA) to take Little Boluses, in Common Venereal Injuries,

And FOUR in Worse Cases, Carry off a Venereal Infection, without Telling your Case, to any One. ———So that,

What Other Medicines are Long About, and Betray the Person into the Bargain, This little Medicine performs a Shorter Way, without any Trouble, making the Person Easy At Once, tho' Before in Great Misery, So that Persons most Miserable Harrassed with a Running, Scalding of Urine, Cordee, Sores on the Urinary Part, &c. have been Soon Privately Well by it.

Price Only 2s Sealed Up, with Full Directions, Along with it, For Those who BUY it But, It is GIVEN GRATIS,

Without Paying Any Thing at all, for it,

(And, Welcome any Person, is SO for Nothing to have it)

To Those, Mention'd in the Chapter, Under the Title, Of Having this Bolus GIVEN Them GRATIS, in the Abovementioned Venereal and GLEET Treatise,

Which is Given Gratis, At Dr. Russell's House,

In the Parlour, Strait Forward Facing the Entry, In at the GREEN HATCH, against Gray's-Inn, HOLBORN.

Where, is also GIVEN GRATIS,

The New THEE and THOU

ALMANACK. Calculated for the Meridian of the People called QUAKERS. Containing New YEA and NAY Observations &c. for Every Month in the Year.

LONDON: Printed for J. PURSER, in *Red-Lion Court, Fleet-street.* Where Advertisements, and Letters to the Author, are taken in.